

# SMEX02 Rain Gauge Network, Walnut Creek, Iowa, Version 1

# **USER GUIDE**

#### **How to Cite These Data**

As a condition of using these data, you must include a citation:

Prueger, J. 2004. *SMEX02 Rain Gauge Network, Walnut Creek, Iowa, Version 1*. [Indicate subset used]. Boulder, Colorado USA. NASA National Snow and Ice Data Center Distributed Active Archive Center. https://doi.org/10.5067/CL64ZTG0S892. [Date Accessed].

FOR QUESTIONS ABOUT THESE DATA, CONTACT NSIDC@NSIDC.ORG

FOR CURRENT INFORMATION, VISIT https://nsidc.org/data/NSIDC-0236



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# 1 DETAILED DATA DESCRIPTION

## 1.1 Format

Data are ASCII tab-delimited text files.

# 1.2 Spatial Coverage

Southernmost Latitude: 41.94°N

Northernmost Latitude: 41.99°N

Westernmost Longitude: 93.8°W

Easternmost Longitude: 93.4°W

# 1.3 Temporal Coverage

Data were collected from 1 June 2002 to 19 August 2002.

## 1.3.1 Temporal Resolution

Data were gathered every hour.

## 1.4 Parameter or Variable

The following table describes the columns in the data file.

Column/Parameter	Unit	Description			
Site_ID		Rain gauge identifier			
Latitude	degrees	WGS84			
Longitude	degrees	WGS84			
UTM_Easting	meters (m)	WGS84, Zone 15			
UTM_Northing	meters (m)	WGS84, Zone 15			
Date	mm/dd/yyyy	Date measurement was taken			
Hour	0 to 23	Hour measurement was taken (0 is midnight Central Standard Time)			

Column/Parameter	Unit	Description
Precip	millimeters (mm)	Amount of precipitation measured (missing data are represented by -99)

#### 1.4.1 Sample Data Record

The following table shows a small sample of the data file.

SITE_ID	lat	lon	Easting	Northing	DATE	hour	precip
703	41.9792	-93.6582	445452	4647680	6/1/2002	0	0
703	41.9792	-93.6582	445452	4647680	6/1/2002	1	0
703	41.9792	-93.6582	445452	4647680	6/2/2002	5	3.6
703	41.9792	-93.6582	445452	4647680	6/2/2002	6	0.8
703	41.9792	-93.6582	445452	4647680	6/2/2002	7	0
703	41.9792	-93.6582	445452	4647680	6/2/2002	8	1.3

### 2 DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING

## 2.1 Theory of Measurements

Rain gauges are intended to provide continuous measurements of the precipitation at a single point, with many gauges distributed throughout the watershed.

## 2.2 Sensor or Instrument Description

The sources are twenty rain gauges placed in crop fields in the study area. A Texas Electronics model TE525 tipping bucket rain gauge measured precipitation. The device consists of small cones that fill up and tip when a specific amount of rain falls into the cone. The number of tips is converted to a calculated rainfall amount. These data are logged to a Campbell Scientific CR10 datalogger.

## 3 REFERENCES AND RELATED PUBLICATIONS

Please see the SMEX02 site for more information, and the AMSR-E site to access data.

# 4 CONTACTS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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# 5 DOCUMENT INFORMATION

#### 5.1 Publication Date

May 2004

# 5.2 Date Last Updated

21 April 2021