

ATL02 Known Issues & Advisories List

Applicable Version: Release 005
Last Updated: November 16, 2021

ADVISORIES

- The algorithm window used for transmitter echo identification is 100ns wide. The DLB width of an exclusively TE-seeking band is ~170ns wide. Thus, when plotting the ground return photon cloud and filtering out the suspected TE returns, it may give the appearance of a thin, flat cloud with its middle 100ns portion missing. See ATL02 ATBD section 4.5.
- The `tof_flag` values incorporate information about the start centroid calculation as well as identifies if the return is a suspected TEP. See ATL02 ATBD sections 3.4.5 and 4.5 respectively.
- When plotting the return TOFs as a photon cloud, it is possible to see returns occurring outside the boundaries of the DLB. This is an expected behavior. See ATL02 ATBD section 3.8.5.
- The laser gives valid preamp voltage and current telemetry at energy level 0 and 6 or above. At levels 1 through 5, it gives 0 or previously valid stale values. See ATL02 ATBD section 8.4.
- An error condition in ATLAS has occurred more than once, in which some of the start time data telemetry is incorrect. The ATL02 code was modified in Release 3 to detect the condition and compute ATL02 correctly; see IssueID 005 below.
- An error condition in ATLAS has occurred more than once, in which the association between the transmit and receive data streams slips by one laser shot interval. This causes a time of flight error that varies periodically between about 1 ns and about 10 ns. Current instances of this error are not being released, but it has been found in previously-released data. It was screened out of Release 4; code was added to detect and correct this condition in Release 5.

KNOWN OPEN ISSUES

None

ISSUES RESOLVED IN RELEASE 005

IssueID	007 – TX/RX Slip
Release # When First Identified	003
Description	On several occasions, the transmit and receive data streams have slipped by one shot. This has been traced to a condition where a PCE state change occurs while one strong/weak range window is open and the other is closed.
Impact(s)	Documentation: ATL01 ATBD, ATL02 ATBD Product: ATL02, Calibration: none
Notes	Was screened out in Release 004 and corrected in Release 005.
Status	Open

ISSUES RESOLVED IN EARLIER RELEASES

IssueID	001 - Calibration product(s) using incorrect toggle information
Release # When First Identified	001
Description	The version of CAL-49 used in release 001 has reversed the rising + falling skew corrections. The impact of this issue is that TEP histograms will be broadened by ~50ps.
Impact(s)	Documentation: ATL01 ATBD, ATL02 ATBD, ATL03 ATBD Product: ATL02, ATL03 Calibration: 17, 49
Notes	Corrected in Release 002

Status	Resolved
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IssueID	002 – Documentation Missing for Groups
Release # When First Identified	001
Description	The following groups are not documented in the ATBD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>/atlas/housekeeping/time_at_the_tone</i> • <i>/atlas/pcex/background</i> <p>Contents of group has been verified and are as expected.</p>
Impact(s)	Documentation: ATL02 ATBD Product: N/A Calibration: N/A
Notes	Corrected in Release 002
Status	Resolved

IssueID	003 – Improper Temperature Reference for CAL-54 Selection
Release # When First Identified	001
Description	In the ATL02 ATBD as well as in the ASAS production code, the laser optics radiator temperature is called out for use with CAL-54 when computing transmitted energy from LRS laser spot magnitudes. According to the CAL-54 CPD, CAL-54 was derived using “APID 1120, A_LRS_HK, ANALOGHK channel 33, LRS Laser Detector Card Thermistor”. This appears in ATL01 as <i>/lrs/hk_1120/raw_ldc_t</i> .
Impact(s)	Documentation: ATL02 ATBD Product: ATL02 Calibration: N/A
Notes	The code and the documentation updated to match CAL-54 for Release 002.
Status	Resolved

IssueID	004 – Improper Misalignment Calculation
Release # When First Identified	001
Description	In the ATL02 ATBD as well as in the ASAS production code, the misalignment between the transmitter and the receiver is calculated incorrectly in Equation 5-13. The misalignment is used to estimate the receiver's sensitivity to return energy. The offset value from ANC27 is used as the misalignment, rather than the change in offset value. This can result in an overestimate of the optical throughput loss due to misalignment, and an underestimate of the return sensitivity.
Impact(s)	Documentation: ATL02 ATBD, Section 5.3.3.1 Product: ATL02 Calibration: N/A
Notes	Corrected in Release 003
Status	Resolved

IssueID	005 – Start Time Swap
Release # When First Identified	002
Description	On two occasions, ATLAS entered an error condition in which the leading-lower and "other" start time data on one PCE were swapped. The error was manifested in ATL01 as a swap of the leading-lower

	and "other" fine counts on the affected PCE, and the "other" coarse count appearing as the leading-lower coarse count; the start marker was unaffected. The result in ATL02 was a periodic error in the start time, and incorrect receive times in the spots on the affected PCE. The error was cleared by resetting the PCE, and functionality was added to the ATL02 software to detect the symptoms of this error condition in the ATL01 data and correctly compute the start times and times of flight in ATL02. The correction code was inserted as a "hot fix" late in Release 002 and documented in Release 003. The QA parameter <i>qa_s_n_swapped_txfine</i> indicates when this error is detected.
Impact(s)	Documentation: ATL02 ATBD, Section 3.4.3 Product: ATL02 Calibration: N/A
Notes	Corrected in Release 003
Status	Resolved

IssueID	006 – GPSR IMT
Release # When First Identified	003
Description	Based on analysis performed by the POD group, the GPSR/time_correlation/IMT datatype was insufficient to represent the full precision of the measurements. The datatype was changed from 'double precision' to '64-bit integer' and the units were changed to 'counts'.
Impact(s)	Documentation: ATL02 ATBD Product: ATL02 Calibration: none
Notes	Corrected in Release 004
Status	Resolved