#### 1.0 DATA DICTIONARY

The following subsections list the data content of ATL13. Each subsection corresponds to a HDF5 group on the data product. The ATLAS Standard Data Products are designed to be self-documenting and contain additional descriptive information not presented here. The descriptive information within the data dictionary is limited to preserve readability.

description	This data set (ATL13) contains along track surface heights of inland water bodies, including lakes, estuaries and rivers. Water surface slope and descriptive statistics are also provided. The data were acquired by the Advanced Topographic Laser Altimeter S
level	L3A
short_name	ATL13
title	SET_BY_META

### 1.1 **Group:** /

This data set (ATL13) contains along track surface heights of inland water bodies, including lakes, estuaries and rivers. Water surface slope and descriptive statistics are also provided. The data were acquired by the Advanced Topographic Laser Altimeter S

#### 1.1.1 Attributes

Conventions	CF-1.6	
citation	SET_BY_META	
contributor_name	Thomas A Neumann (thomas.neumann@nasa.gov), Thorsten Markus (thorsten.markus@nasa.gov), Suneel Bhardwaj (suneel.bhardwaj@nasa.gov) David W Hancock III (david.w.hancock@nasa.gov)	
contributor_role	Instrument Engineer, Investigator, Principle Investigator, Data Producer, Data Producer	
creator_name	SET_BY_META	
date_created	SET_BY_PGE	
date_type	UTC	
featureType	trajectory	
geospatial_lat_max	0.0	

geospatial_lat_units geospatial_lon_max 0.0 geospatial_lon_min 0.0 geospatial_lon_units degrees_east granule_type ATL13 hdfversion SET_BY_PGE history SET_BY_PGE identifier_file_uuid SET_BY_PGE identifier_product_doi 10.5067/ATLAS/ATL13.001 identifier_product_doi_authority http://dx.doi.org identifier_product_format_version SET_BY_PGE identifier_product_totype ATL13  ATL13  SET_BY_PGE identifier_product_doi_authority http://dx.doi.org identifier_product_tormat_version SET_BY_PGE institution SET_BY_META keywords SET_BY_META keywords SET_BY_META keywords_vocabulary SET_BY_META license  Data may not be reproduced or distributed without including the citation for this product included in this metadata. Data may not be distributed in an altered form without the written permission of the ICESat-2 Science Project Office at NASA/GSFC.  naming_authority http://dx.doi.org platform SET_BY_META processing_level L3A project SET_BY_META SET_BY_META SET_BY_META SET_BY_META SET_BY_META SET_BY_META	geospatial_lat_min	0.0
geospatial_lon_min 0.0 geospatial_lon_units degrees_east granule_type ATL13 hdfversion SET_BY_PGE history SET_BY_PGE identifier_file_uuid SET_BY_PGE identifier_product_doi 10.5067/ATLAS/ATL13.001 identifier_product_doi_authority http://dx.doi.org identifier_product_tormat_version SET_BY_PGE identifier_product_type ATL13 institution SET_BY_META keywords SET_BY_META keywords SET_BY_META keywords SET_BY_META license Data may not be reproduced or distributed without including the citation for this product included in this metadata. Data may not be distributed in an altered form without the written permission of the ICESat-2 Science Project Office at NASA/GSFC. naming_authority http://dx.doi.org platform SET_BY_META processing_level L3A project SET_BY_META	geospatial_lat_units	degrees_north
geospatial_lon_units  granule_type  ATL13  hdfversion  SET_BY_PGE  history  SET_BY_PGE  identifier_file_uuid  SET_BY_PGE  identifier_product_doi  10.5067/ATLAS/ATL13.001  identifier_product_doi_authority  http://dx.doi.org  identifier_product_tormat_version  SET_BY_PGE  identifier_product_type  ATL13  institution  SET_BY_META  keywords  SET_BY_META  keywords  SET_BY_META  keywords  SET_BY_META  keywords  SET_BY_META  license  Data may not be reproduced or distributed without including the citation for this product included in this metadata. Data may not be distributed in an altered form without the written permission of the ICESat-2 Science Project Office at NASA/GSFC.  naming_authority  http://dx.doi.org  platform  SET_BY_META  processing_level  L3A  SET_BY_META	geospatial_lon_max	0.0
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publisher_name SET_BY_META	publisher_name	SET_BY_META
publisher_url SET_BY_META	publisher_url	SET_BY_META

references	SET_BY_META
source	SET_BY_META
spatial_coverage_type	Horizontal
standard_name_vocabulary	CF-1.6
summary	SET_BY_META
time_coverage_duration	SET_BY_PGE
time_coverage_end	SET_BY_PGE
time_coverage_start	SET_BY_PGE
time_type	CCSDS UTC-A

# 1.1.2 Datasets

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
ds_anom_trigger Anomaly Trigger Dimension Scale	INTEGER9 None	1	Dimension scale indexing the short segment anomaly trigger array having nine elements. Index = 1 corresponds to coarse ht difference; Index = 2 corresponds to abnormal length; Index = 3 corresponds to histogram mode spread; Index = 4 corresponds to histogram mode count; Index = 5 corresponds to histogram mode intensity; Index = 6 corresponds to invalid long segment; Index = 7 corresponds to shore buffer designation; Index = 8 corresponds to insufficient signal phs; Index = 9 corresponds to unavailability of coarse water height against which to test.; (Meanings: [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]) (Values: ['coarse_ht_difference', 'abnormal_length', 'histogram_mode_spread', 'histogram_mode_count', 'instogram_mode_intensity', 'invalid_long_segment', 'shore_buffer_designation', 'insufficient_signal_phs', 'coarse_water_height_unavailable']) (Source: dim_scale)
ds_sseg_quality Segment Quality Dimension Scale	INTEGER4 None	1	Dimension scale indexing the short segment quality array. Index = 1 corresponds to nominal; Index = 2 corresponds to possible afterpulse; Index = 3 corresponds to possible impulse response; Index = 4 corresponds to possible TEP; (Meanings: [1 2 3 4]) (Values: ['nominal', 'possible_afterpulse', 'possible_impulse_response', 'possible_TEP']) (Source: dim_scale)

# 1.2 Group: /ancillary\_data

Contains information ancillary to the data product. This may include product characteristics, instrument characteristics and/or processing constants.

## 1.2.1 Attributes

data_rate Data within this group pertain to the granule in its entirety.		data_rate	Data within this group pertain to the granule in its entirety.
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#### 1.2.2 Datasets

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
atlas_sdp_gps_epoch ATLAS Epoch Offset	DOUBLE1 None	seconds since 1980- 01- 06T00:00:00.0000000Z	Number of GPS seconds between the GPS epoch (1980-01-06T00:00:00.0000000Z UTC) and the ATLAS Standard Data Product (SDP) epoch (2018-01-01:T00.00.00.000000 UTC). Add this value to delta time parameters to compute full gps_seconds (relative to the GPS epoch) for each data point. (Source: Operations)
control Control File	STRING1 None	1	PGE-specific control file used to generate this granule. To re-use, replace breaks (BR) with linefeeds. (Source: Operations)
data_end_utc End UTC Time of Granule (CCSDS-A, Actual)	STRING1 None	1	UTC (in CCSDS-A format) of the last data point within the granule. (Source: Derived)
data_start_utc Start UTC Time of Granule (CCSDS-A, Actual)	STRING1 None	1	UTC (in CCSDS-A format) of the first data point within the granule. (Source: Derived)
end_cycle Ending Cycle	INTEGER1 None	1	The ending cycle number associated with the data contained within this granule. The cycle number is the counter of the number of 91-day repeat cycles completed by the mission. (Source: Derived)
end_delta_time ATLAS End Time (Actual)	DOUBLE1 None	seconds since 2018- 01-01	Number of GPS seconds since the ATLAS SDP epoch at the last data point in the file. The ATLAS Standard Data Products (SDP) epoch offset is defined within /ancillary_data/atlas_sdp_gps_epoch as the number of GPS seconds between the GPS epoch (1980-01-06T00:00:00:00:00000Z UTC) and the ATLAS SDP epoch. By adding the offset contained within atlas_sdp_gps_epoch to delta time parameters, the time in

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
			gps_seconds relative to the GPS epoch can be computed. (Source: Derived)
end_geoseg Ending Geolocation Segment	INTEGER1 None	1	The ending geolocation segment number associated with the data contained within this granule. ICESat granule geographic regions are further refined by geolocation segments. During the geolocation process, a geolocation segment is created approximately every 20m from the start of the orbit to the end. The geolocation segments help align the ATLAS strong a weak beams and provide a common segment length for the L2 and higher products. The geolocation segment indices differ slightly from orbit-to-orbit because of the irregular shape of the Earth. The geolocation segment indices on ATL01 and ATL02 are only approximate because beams have not been aligned at the time of their creation. (Source: Derived)
end_gpssow Ending GPS SOW of Granule (Actual)	DOUBLE1 None	seconds	GPS seconds-of-week of the last data point in the granule. (Source: Derived)
end_gpsweek Ending GPSWeek of Granule (Actual)	INTEGER1 None	weeks from 1980-01- 06	GPS week number of the last data point in the granule. (Source: Derived)
end_orbit Ending Orbit Number	INTEGER1 None	1	The ending orbit number associated with the data contained within this granule. The orbit number increments each time the spacecraft completes a full orbit of the Earth. (Source: Derived)
end_region Ending Region	INTEGER1 None	1	The ending product-specific region number associated with the data contained within this granule. ICESat-2 data products are separated by geographic regions. The data contained within a specific region are the same for ATL01 and ATL02. ATL03 regions differ slightly because of different geolocation segment locations caused by the irregular shape of the Earth. The region indices for other products are completely independent. (Source: Derived)
end_rgt Ending Reference Groundtrack	INTEGER1 None	1	The ending reference groundtrack (RGT) number associated with the data contained within this granule. There are 1387 reference groundtrack in the ICESat-2 repeat orbit. The reference groundtrack increments each time the spacecraft completes a full orbit of the Earth and resets to 1 each time the spacecraft completes a full cycle. (Source: Derived)

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
granule_end_utc End UTC Time of Granule (CCSDS-A, Requested)	STRING1 None	1	Requested end time (in UTC CCSDS-A) of this granule. (Source: Derived)
granule_start_utc Start UTC Time of Granule (CCSDS-A, Requested)	STRING1 None	1	Requested start time (in UTC CCSDS-A) of this granule. (Source: Derived)
release Release Number	STRING1 None	1	Release number of the granule. The release number is incremented when the software or ancillary data used to create the granule has been changed. (Source: Operations)
start_cycle Starting Cycle	INTEGER1 None	1	The starting cycle number associated with the data contained within this granule. The cycle number is the counter of the number of 91-day repeat cycles completed by the mission. (Source: Derived)
start_delta_time ATLAS Start Time (Actual)	DOUBLE1 None	seconds since 2018- 01-01	Number of GPS seconds since the ATLAS SDP epoch at the first data point in the file. The ATLAS Standard Data Products (SDP) epoch offset is defined within /ancillary_data/atlas_sdp_gps_epoch as the number of GPS seconds between the GPS epoch (1980-01-06T00:00:00:00:000000Z UTC) and the ATLAS SDP epoch. By adding the offset contained within atlas_sdp_gps_epoch to delta time parameters, the time in gps_seconds relative to the GPS epoch can be computed. (Source: Derived)
start_geoseg Starting Geolocation Segment	INTEGER1 None	1	The starting geolocation segment number associated with the data contained within this granule. ICESat granule geographic regions are further refined by geolocation segments. During the geolocation process, a geolocation segment is created approximately every 20m from the start of the orbit to the end. The geolocation segments help align the ATLAS strong a weak beams and provide a common segment length for the L2 and higher products. The geolocation segment indices differ slightly from orbit-to-orbit because of the irregular shape of the Earth. The geolocation segment indices on ATL01 and ATL02 are only approximate because beams have not been aligned at the time of their creation. (Source: Derived)

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
start_gpssow Start GPS SOW of Granule (Actual)	DOUBLE1 None	seconds	GPS seconds-of-week of the first data point in the granule. (Source: Derived)
start_gpsweek Start GPSWeek of Granule (Actual)	INTEGER1 None	weeks from 1980-01- 06	GPS week number of the first data point in the granule. (Source: Derived)
start_orbit Starting Orbit Number	INTEGER1 None	1	The starting orbit number associated with the data contained within this granule. The orbit number increments each time the spacecraft completes a full orbit of the Earth. (Source: Derived)
start_region Starting Region	INTEGER1 None	1	The starting product-specific region number associated with the data contained within this granule. ICESat-2 data products are separated by geographic regions. The data contained within a specific region are the same for ATL01 and ATL02. ATL03 regions differ slightly because of different geolocation segment locations caused by the irregular shape of the Earth. The region indices for other products are completely independent. (Source: Derived)
start_rgt Starting Reference Groundtrack	INTEGER1 None	1	The starting reference groundtrack (RGT) number associated with the data contained within this granule. There are 1387 reference groundtrack in the ICESat-2 repeat orbit. The reference groundtrack increments each time the spacecraft completes a full orbit of the Earth and resets to 1 each time the spacecraft completes a full cycle. (Source: Derived)
version Version	STRING1 None	1	Version number of this granule within the release. It is a sequential number corresponding to the number of times the granule has been reprocessed for the current release. (Source: Operations)

# 1.3 Group: /ancillary\_data/inland\_water

Contains general ancillary parameters.

## 1.3.1 Datasets

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
amp_mean_sig_incr iteration loop increments	FLOAT3 INVALID_R4B	1	Iteration loop amplitude, mean, and sigma step increments used in deconvolution described in section 5.3.4(B) (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
amp_mean_sig_max iteration loop maximum values	FLOAT3 INVALID_R4B	1	Amplitude, mean, and sigma maximum values of iteration loops used in deconvolution described in section 5.3.4(B) (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
amp_mean_sig_min iteration loop minimum values	FLOAT3 INVALID_R4B	1	Amplitude, mean, and sigma minimum values of iteration loops used in deconvolution described in section 5.3.4(B) (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
amp_mean_sig_nskip Skip factor for surface iterated convolution	INTEGER_19,3 INVALID_I1B	1	Number of amplitude, mean height and standard deviation values skipped based on body type, within coarse iteration loops of amplitude, HM_unit and sigma_unit used in deconvolution described in section 5.3.4 (B), to determine an approximate error minimum location over the surface profile range. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
anmly_test Anomaly Test	FLOAT9,12 None	meters	Array containing threshold values against which to test segments for heights that are anomalous to the rest of the water surface. The anmly_test value is selected based on the corresponding length of the water body crossing, calculated in the code as iw_bdy_xlen_flag. The mode of each segment histogram will be tested against ht_water_coarse and marked as anomalous if the difference is greater than the anomaly test value associated with the segment crossing length. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
atm_window1 ATM Background Window Bottom	FLOAT1 None	meters	Lower limit of height above coarse water surface height for atmospheric background count calculation. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
atm_window2 ATM Background Window Top	FLOAT1 None	meters	Upper limit of height above coarse water surface height for atmospheric background count calculation. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
b1_sseg1 Small Segment Bin Size	FLOAT1 None	meters	Bin size to be used for histogramming of each small segment. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
b2_sseg1 Small Segment Height Bin Size	FLOAT1 None	meters	Bin size to be used for histogramming of small segment heights. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
b_long Long Bin Size	FLOAT1 None	meters	Bin size to be used by which to establish a histogram of long segments. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
bckgrd_threshold Background Threshold	FLOAT2 None	counts/sec	Thresholds outside of which computed background is flagged (High, Low). (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
bin_detrend Detrend Bin Size	FLOAT1 None	meters	Bin size used to establish a band of heights over which to determine the detrending equation. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
c_fresnel Fresnel Coeff	FLOAT1 None	1	Fresnel specular reflection coefficient @ 532 nm (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
detrend_width Detrend Width	FLOAT1 None	1	Number of standard deviations +/- mode to include in detrend band. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
f2_d_min Minimum Distance Thres	FLOAT1 None	meters	Minimum distance threshold between photons required for inclusion in algorithm. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
gauss_pk_thres Gaussian Peak Threshold	FLOAT1 None	1	Fraction of the peak amplitude above which Gaussian fit error analysis is executed (ie, calculate error on Gaussian only between the peak amplitude and gauss_pk_thres * peak) (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
geoseg_edge_buffer geosegment edge buffer	INTEGER_19,9 INVALID_I1B	1	Number of geosegments to include in the water surface calculation that are outside of both water body edges, as identified by reference photon location comparison to water body shapes.; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5]) (Values: ['buffer_0', 'buffer_1', 'buffer_2', 'buffer_3', 'buffer_4', 'buffer_5']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.2, Table 5-2)
h_mavg_a Num Depth Bins A	INTEGER1 None	meters	Number of depth bins over which to compute H_mavg_a (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
h_mavg_b Num Depth Bins B	INTEGER1 None	meters	Number of depth bins over which to compute H_mavg_b (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
h_mavg_c Num Depth Bins C	INTEGER1 None	meters	Number of bins over which to calculate moving average (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
I_sub Long subsurface segment size	INTEGER9 INVALID_I4B	1	Long segment size, operationally used as unit length over which to characterize the subsurface, and deconvolve the instrument pulse and subsurface effects from the water surface response. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
I_surf Long Surface Segment Size	INTEGER9 INVALID_I4B	1	Long segment size, operationally used as unit length over which to detrend the water surface, characterize the surface, and deconvolve the

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
			instrument pulse and subsurface effects from the water surface response. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
lidar_coeff_alpha_unit_incr Subsurface parameters	FLOAT9,2 None	1	Iteration loop coefficient multiplier of unit exponential distribution and subsurface alpha_unit step increments used in deconvolution, described in section 5.3.4 (A), based on water body type. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
lidar_coeff_alpha_unit_max Subsurface parameters	FLOAT9,2 None	1	Coefficient multiplier of unit exponential distribution and subsurface alpha_unit maximum values of iteration loops used in deconvolution, described in section 5.3.4 (A), based on water body type. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
lidar_coeff_alpha_unit_min Subsurface parameters	FLOAT9,2 None	1	Coefficient multiplier of unit exponential distribution and subsurface alpha_unit minimum values of iteration loops used in deconvolution, described in section 5.3.4 (A), based on water body type. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
Isbr_threshold LSBR Threshold	FLOAT1 None	1	Threshold at which the LSBR indicates a significant transition from signal photon richness to noise. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
m_avg_d Num Depth Bins D	INTEGER1 None	meters	Number of depth bins over which to compute P_ht_long_subsurf_mavg (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
max_gseg_search Max Geoseg Search Radius	INTEGER1 None	1	Maximum number of geosegments in either direction to search for reported water surface heights (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
n2 refractive index of water	FLOAT9 None	1	Refractive index of water for a processed water body. (Source: ATL13 ATBD Section 5.3.2 C)
n_coarse_iter Number of coarse iterations	INTEGER_19,3 INVALID_I1B	1	Number of coarse iteration steps for amplitude, mean height and standard deviation for surface iterated convolution. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
ref_dist_iw_bdy Reference Difference	FLOAT1 None	meters	Maximum distance from a water body that a geosegment reference photon indicates the need for overlap testing each individual photon in the geosegment (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
s_seg1 Short Segment Length	INTEGER9 INVALID_I4B	1	Short segment size, indicating the number of along track signal photons per segment, operationally used as unit length over which to identify water surface height anomalies such as islands, bridges, etc. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
shore_buff_sseg_length Shore buffer short segment length	INTEGER1 None	1	Maximum length of a short segment that can be marked as anomalous due to shore buffering. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.2, Table 5-2)
shore_buffer Shore buffer	INTEGER_19,9 INVALID_I1B	1	Number of near-shore short segments to ignore in analysis due to near-shore influences.; (Meanings: [0 1]) (Values: ['buffer_0', 'buffer_1']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.2, Table 5-2)
sig_threshold Signal Confidence Threshold	INTEGER1 None	1	Minimum signal confidence required for photon to be included in analysis (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
signal_window_bottom Signal Window Bottom	FLOAT1 None	meters	Lower limit below coarse water surface to include photons for analysis. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
signal_window_top Signal Window Top	FLOAT1 None	meters	Upper limit above coarse water surface to include photons for analysis. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
size_to_process Size to Process	INTEGER_19,9 INVALID_I1B	1	Water body sizes that are to be processed by the ATL13 algorithm for each water body type. This parameter is a rank 2 array of size 9x9, where array subscripts 1 through 9, coincide with body type digits along columns, and body size digits along rows. Array elements are binary values, if 0 then process body size for that type, 1 otherwise. Water body sizes are described in ATL13 chapter 4.7.1.2 and in Table 5-4.; (Meanings: [0 1]) (Values: ['process_size', 'otherwise']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 4.7.1.2, Table 5-4)
sseg_length_test Short Segment Length Test	FLOAT9 INVALID_R4B	meters	Threshold by which to test the length of a short segment to determine anomalous or not anomalous, varying by water body type. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
sseg_mode_cnt_test Short segment mode count test	INTEGER_16 INVALID_I1B	1	Threshold to test number of values contained in short segment histogram multimodes against for inclusion or exclusion of short segment; (Meanings: [10 10 7 7 7 7]) (Values: ['sseg_stdev_thres_1', 'sseg_stdev_thres_2', 'sseg_stdev_thres_3', 'sseg_stdev_thres_4', 'sseg_stdev_thres_5', 'sseg_stdev_thres_6']) (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
sseg_mode_freq_test Short Segment Mode Frequency Test	INTEGER1 None	1	Threshold to test number of short segment histogram modes against for inclusion or exclusion of short segment. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
sseg_mode_spread_test Short Segment Mode Spread Test	FLOAT1 None	meters	Threshold to test distance between short segment histogram multimodes against for inclusion or exclusion of short segment. (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
sub_max Subsurf Max Vertical Profile	FLOAT1 None	meters	Maximum vertical profile of water subsurface to include in estimation of subsurface characteristics (Source: ATBD Table 5-2)
type_to_process Type to Process	INTEGER_19 INVALID_I1B	1	Water body types that are to be processed by the ATL13 algorithm. This parameter is a rank 1 array of extent 9, with the body type digits coinciding with the array subscripts 1 through 9. Array elements are binary values, if 0 then process body type, 1 otherwise. Water body types are described in ATL13 chapter 4.7.1.2 and in Table 5-4.; (Meanings: [0 1]) (Values: ['process_type', 'otherwise']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 4.7.1.2, Table 5-4)

# 1.4 Group: /gtx

Contains per-beam data products.

# 1.4.1 Attributes

data_rate	Data within this group are stored at the inland water short segment rate (/ancillary_data/inland_water/s_seg2).
	segment rate (/ancinary_data/inland_water/s_segz).

## 1.4.2 Datasets

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
atl13refid ATL13 Reference ID	INTEGER_8: 0	1	Unique aggregate reference number for each shape in the ATL13 Inland Water Body Mask, where digit 1 = type, digit 2 = size, digit 3 = source, and digits 4-10 = shape id (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.1 (C))
bottom_lat Bottom latitude	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	degrees	Latitude of actual bottom location, based on the apparent bottom sseg_mean_lat / sseg_mean_lon location corrected for refraction effects. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
bottom_lon Mean longitude	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	degrees	Longitude of actual bottom location, based on the apparent bottom sseg_mean_lat / sseg_mean_lon location corrected for refraction effects. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
cloud_flag_asr_atl09 Cloud Flag ASR	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Cloud probability from ASR.; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5]) (Values: ['clear_with_high_confidence', 'clear_with_medium_confidence', 'clear_with_low_confidence', 'cloudy_with_low_confidence', 'cloudy_with_medium_confidence', 'cloudy_with_high_confidence']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
cloud_flag_atm_atl09 Cloud Flag Atm	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Cloud flag from backscatter profile. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
cycle_number Cycle Number	INTEGER_1: None	counts	Tracks the number of 91-day cycles in the mission, beginning with 01. A unique orbit number can be determined by subtracting 1 from the cycle_number, multiplying by 1,387 and adding the RGT value. (Source: ATL03)
delta_time Delta Time	DOUBLE: None	seconds since 2018- 01-01	Number of GPS seconds since the ATLAS SDP epoch. The ATLAS Standard Data Products (SDP) epoch offset is defined within /ancillary_data/atlas_sdp_gps_epoch as the number of GPS seconds between the GPS epoch (1980-01-06T00:00:00.000000Z UTC) and the ATLAS SDP epoch. By adding the offset contained within atlas_sdp_gps_epoch to delta time parameters, the time in gps_seconds relative to the GPS epoch can be computed. (Source: ATL03)
err_ht_water_surf Height Error	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	1	Error included in heights reported in ht_water_surf. (Source: section 5.3.3 (C))
err_slope_trk Slope Error	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	1	Error included in segment_slope_trk_local. (Source: section 5.3.3 (C))
ht_ortho Orthometric Height	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Orthometric height EGM2008 converted from ellipsoidal height. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
ht_water_surf Water surface height	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Water surface height, reported for each short segment (default length = approximately 100 signal photons) with reference to WGS84 ellipsoid (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
ice_flag Ice Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Describes likelihood of ice on water surface short segment.; (Meanings: [0 1]) (Values: ['no_ice', 'ice']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, section 5.2)
inland_water_body_id Body ID	INTEGER: INVALID_I4B	1	Identifying signature of an individual inland water body. Each body of water is represented by a unique numeric value. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.1 (C))

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
inland_water_body_region Body region	INTEGER: INVALID_I4B	1	ATL13-created shapefile representing relevant bodies of water over which to implement the ATL13 water surface finding algorithm only within a region of processing interest. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.1 (A))
inland_water_body_size Body size	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Size of Inland Water Body, A=area, where 0=Not_Assigned, 1=A>10,000 sq km, 2=10,000>A>=1,000, 3=1,000>A>=100, 4=100>A>=10, 5=10>A>=1, 6=1>A>=0.1, 7=0.01>A, 8=Reserved, 9=Reserved; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]) (Values: ['not_assigned', 'area_gt_10000', '10000_gt_area_ge_1000', '1000_gt_area_ge_1000', '10_gt_area_ge_10', '10_gt_area_ge_1', '1_gt_area_ge_0.1', '0.01_gt_area', 'Reserved', 'Reserved']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.1 (C))
inland_water_body_source Body source	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Source of Inland Water Body shape, where 1=HydroLAKES, 2=Global Lakes and Wetlands Database, 3=Named Marine Water Bodies, 4=GSHHG Shoreline, 5=Global River Widths from Landsat, 6=Reserved, 7=Reserved, 8=Reserved, 9=Reserved; (Meanings: [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]) (Values: ['HydroLAKES', 'Global_Lakes_and_Wetlands_Database', 'Named_Marine_Water_Bodies', 'GSHHG_Shoreline', 'Global_River_Widths_from_Landsat', 'Reserved', 'Reserved', 'Reserved', 'Reserved']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.1 (C))
inland_water_body_type Body type	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Type of Inland Water Body, where 1=Lake, 2=Known Reservoir, 3=(Reserved for future use), 4=Ephemeral Water, 5=River, 6=Estuary or Bay, 7=Coastal Water, 8=Reserved, 9=Reserved; (Meanings: [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]) (Values: ['Lake', 'Known_Reservoir', 'Reserved_for_future_use', 'Ephemeral_Water', 'River', 'Estuary_or_Bay', 'Coastal_Water', 'Reserved', 'Reserved']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.1 (C))
layer_flag_atl09 Consolidated cloud flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Consolidated cloud flag.; (Meanings: [0 1]) (Values: ['likely_clear', 'likely_cloudy']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
met_ts_atl09 Surface temperature	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	К	Surface (skin) temperature from ATL09. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
met_wind10_atl09 Wind speed magnitude at 10m	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	m/s	Wind speed magnitude at 10m height from ATL09 input. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
met_wind10_atl13 Wind speed magnitude at 10m	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	m/s	Wind speed magnitude at 10m height, based on derived water surface wave height. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
qf_bckgrd Background Quality Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Describes the degree of background photons present in each short segment. bckgrd_dnsty_threshold1= 0.001 (counts per bi per Lseg); bckgrd_dnsty_threshold2= 0.01 (counts per bin per Lseg); bckgrd_dnsty_threshold3= 0.05 (counts per bin per Lseg); bckgrd_dnsty_threshold4= 0.1 (counts per bin per Lseg); bckgrd_dnsty_threshold5= 0.3 (counts per bin per Lseg); bckgrd_dnsty_threshold6= 0.5 (counts per bin per Lseg); (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6]) (Values: ['equal_to_or_below_threshold2', 'equal_to_or_below_threshold3', 'equal_to_or_below_threshold4', 'equal_to_or_below_threshold5', 'equal_to_or_below_threshold6', 'above_threshold6']) (Source: Inland Water ATBD)
qf_bias_em EM Bias Quality Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	The Electromagnetic Bias flag is set based on threshold checks for the estimated electromagnetic height bias. The flag is set as follows: -3 if H_bias_EM < -0.10 (m); -2 if -0.10 < H_bias_EM < -0.05; -1 if -0.05 <= H_bias_EM < -0.01; 0 if -0.01 <= H_bias_EM < 0.05; 2 if 0.01 (m); 1 if 0.01 <= H_bias_EM < 0.05; 2 if 0.05 <= H_bias_EM < 0.10; 3 if 0.10 < H_bias_EM; 4 if H_bias_EM is invalid.; (Meanings: [-3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4]) (Values: ['below_threshold1', 'below_threshold2', 'below_threshold4', 'below_threshold6', 'below_threshold6', 'above_threshold6', 'invalid1']) (Source: Inland Water ATBD)
qf_bias_fit Height Bias Fit Quality Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	The height bias fit flag is set based on the value of the goodness of fit bias estimated as the difference between the centroid elevations of the observed surface water histogram and fitted integrated water surface model histogram. The flag values are set as follows: = -3 if H_bias_fit < -0.10 (m); -2 if -0.10 <= H_bias_fit < -0.05;-1 when -0.05 <= H_bias_fit < -0.01; 0 if -0.01 <= H_bias_fit < 0.01 (m); 1 if 0.01 <= H_bias_fit < 0.05; 2 if 0.05 < H_bias_fit < 0.10; 3 if 0.10 <= H_bias_fit; 4 if H_bias_fit is invalid.; (Meanings: [-3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4]) (Values: ['below_threshold1', 'below_threshold3', 'below_threshold4', 'below_threshold5', 'below_threshold6', 'below_threshold6', 'below_threshold6',

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
			'equal_to_or_above_threshold6', 'invalid']) (Source: Inland Water ATBD)
qf_cloud Consolidated cloud flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	This flag is a combination of multiple flags (cloud_flag_atm, cloud_flag_asr, and bsnow_con) and takes daytime/nighttime into consideration. A value of 1 means clouds or blowing snow are likely present. A value of 0 indicates the likely absence of clouds or blowing snow. From the ATL09 data closest to the segment time.; (Meanings: [0 1]) (Values: ['likely_clear', 'likely_cloudy']) (Source: ATL09)
qf_ht_adj Height adjustment Quality Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Flag representing the range of height, defined in 5.3.5 (C), which has been added to the apparent surface height due to frame of reference scaling during deconvolution analysis.; (Meanings: [-4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5]) (Values: ['below_threshold1', 'below_threshold2', 'below_threshold5', 'below_threshold6', 'below_threshold5', 'below_threshold6', 'below_threshold7', 'below_threshold8', 'equal_to_or_above_threshold8', 'invalid']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (C))
qf_ice Ice Quality Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	The quality flag for ice describes the likelihood of ice on the short water body surface segment. 0 for QF_Bckgrd<= 2; 1 for 2 < QF_Bckgrd<= 4; 2 for 4 < QF_Bckgrd; 3 for (4 < QF_Bckgrd and QF_Cloud=1); (Meanings: [0 1 2 3]) (Values: ['qf_bckgrd_le_2', 'qf_bckgrd_le_4', 'qf_bckgrd_gt_4', 'qf_bckgrd_w_cloud']) (Source: Inland Water ATBD)
qf_iwp Inland Water Segment Processing Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Describes the level of processing the inland water algorithm was able to perform based on the data available, ranging from one to 7.; (Meanings: [1 2 3 4 5 6 7]) (Values: ['1_short_segment', '2_short_segments', '3_to_5_short_segments', '6_to_7_short_segments', '8_to_9_short_segments', '10_to_29_short_segments', 'at_least_30_short_segments']) (Source: Inland Water ATBD)
qf_lseg_length Long Segment Length flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	The Long Segment Length flag is set based on the length of the long segment. The flag is set as follows: 0 if Lseg_length < 500 (meters); 1 if 50 <= Lseg_length < 1500 (meters); 2 if 150 <= Lseg_length < 3000 (meters); 3 if 3000 <= Lseg_length; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3]) (Values: ['below_threshold1', 'below_threshold2', 'below_threshold3', 'above_threshold4']) (Source: Inland Water ATBD)

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
qf_spec_width Spectral width Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Spectral moments width flag. The flag is set as follows: 0 when spec_width is invalid; 1 when 0 <= spec_width <= 0.2; 2 when 0.2 < spec_width <= 0.3; 3 when 0.3 < spec_width <= 0.4; 4 when 0.4 < spec_width <= 0.5; 5 when 0.5 < spec_width <= 0.6; 6 when 0.6 < spec_width <= 0.7; 7 when 0.7 < spec_width <= 0.8; 8 when 0.8 < spec_width <= 0.9; 9 when 0.9 < spec_width.; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]) (Values: ['invalid', '0<=spec_width<=0.2', '0.2 <spec_width<=0.3', '0.3<spec_width<="0.4'," '0.4<spec_width<="0.5'," '0.5<spec_width<="0.7'," '0.7<spec_width<="0.8'," '0.8<spec_width<="0.9'," '0.9<spec_width<="0.9'," '0.9<spec_width])="" (source:="" 4.8.8)<="" atbd,="" atl13="" section="" td=""></spec_width<=0.3',>
qf_sseg_length Short Segment Length flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Length of short segments flag. The flag is set as follows: 0 if sseg_length < 10 (meters); 1 if 10 <= sseg_length < 20 (meters); 2 if 20 <= sseg_length < 30 (meters); 3 if 30 <= sseg_length < 50 (meters); 4 if 50 <= sseg_length < 75 (meters); 5 if 75 <= sseg_length < 100 (meters); 6 if 100 <= sseg_length < 150 (meters); 7 if 150 <= sseg_length < 200 (meters); 8 if 200 <= sseg_length < 300 (meters); 9 if 300 <= sseg_length : (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]) (Values: ['below_threshold1', 'below_threshold2', 'below_threshold5', 'below_threshold4', 'below_threshold5', 'below_threshold6', 'below_threshold7', 'below_threshold8', 'below_threshold9', 'equal_to_or_above_threshold9']) (Source: Inland Water ATBD)
qf_stdev_lseg observed standard deviation quality flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Quality flag indicating the magnitude of standard deviation (SD) of observed detrended heights of the long segment to which the short segment belongs, where 0: SD < 0.5 (meters), 1: 0.5 <= SD < 1.5, 2: 1.5 <= SD < 2.5, 3: 2.5 <= SD < 3.5, 4: 3.5 <= SD < 4.5, 5: 4.5 <= SD < 5.5, 6: 5.5 <= SD < 6.5, 7: 6.5 <= SD < 7.5, 8: 7.5 <= SD < 8.5, 9: 8.5 <= SD. It is recommended that a user consider this flag in conjunction with the water body type and size to best determine if the observed surface standard deviation is reasonable or whether results should be considered questionable.; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]) (Values: ['SD_below_0.5', 'SD_below_1.5', 'SD_below_3.5', 'SD_below_4.5', 'SD_below_5.5', 'SD_below_7.5', 'SD_below_7.5', 'SD_below_8.5', 'SD_below_8.5', 'SD_below_8.5', 'SD_greater_or_equal_to_8.5']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5)

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
qf_stdev_vlseg observed standard deviation quality flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Quality flag indicating the magnitude of standard deviation (SD) of observed detrended heights of the very long segment to which the short segment belongs, where 0: SD < 0.5 (meters), 1: 0.5 <= SD < 1.5, 2: 1.5 <= SD < 2.5, 3: 2.5 <= SD < 3.5, 4: 3.5 <= SD < 4.5, 5: 4.5 <= SD < 5.5, 6: 5.5 <= SD < 6.5, 7: 6.5 <= SD < 7.5, 8: 7.5 <= SD < 8.5, 9: 8.5 <= SD. It is recommended that a user consider this flag in conjunction with the water body type and size to best determine if the observed surface standard deviation is reasonable or whether results should be considered questionable.; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]) (Values: ['SD_below_0.5', 'SD_below_1.5', 'SD_below_3.5', 'SD_below_4.5', 'SD_below_5.5', 'SD_below_5.5', 'SD_below_6.5', 'SD_below_7.5', 'SD_below_8.5', 'SD_below_8.5', 'SD_greater_or_equal_to_8.5']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5)
qf_subsurf_anomaly Subsurface Anomaly Quality Flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Describes the likelihood that the bottom or other subsurface anomaly is bottom based on the threshold value at which an anomaly was found. 1 = Subsurface anomaly due to bottom likely; 2 = Subsurface signal may indicate bottom or other anomaly; 3 = Possible subsurface anomaly; invalid = No subsurface anomaly detected; (Meanings: [1 2 3]) (Values: ['bottom_likely', 'bottom_or_other_anomaly', 'possible_subsurface_anomaly']) (Source: Inland Water ATBD 5.3.4(A))
qf_subsurface_attenuation Subsurface attenuation quality flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Quality flag indicating whether or not the reported subsurface attenuation was constrained during deconvolution by the minimum (initial) limit in the possible range (QF=-1), the maximum limit in the possible range (QF=-1), or was allowed to settle on a solution within the possible range (QF=0). For analysis prior to deconvolution of the subsurface attenuation fit to the observations, the flag indicates whether the value determined by attempting to fit the observations was below (QF=-2), above (QF= 2), or within (QF=0) the possible range of expected values. When the default value for subsurface attenuation is chosen due to any condition other than those defined by an existing quality flag, QF=invalid.; (Meanings: [-2 -1 0 1 2]) (Values: ['obs_fit_below_range', 'initial_limit', 'within_range', 'maximum_limit', 'obs_fit_above_range']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.4 (A))

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
qf_subsurface_backscat_ampltd Subsurface backscatter amplitude quality flag	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Quality flag indicating whether or not the reported subsurface backscatter amplitude was constrained during deconvolution by the minimum limit in the possible range (QF=-1), the maximum limit in the possible range (QF = 1), or was allowed to settle on a solution within the possible range (QF=0). For analysis prior to deconvolution of the backscatter amplitude fit to the observations, the flag indicates whether the value determined by attempting to fit the observations was below (QF=-2), above (QF= 2), or within (QF=0) the possible range of expected values. When the default value for backscatter amplitude is chosen due to any condition other than those defined by an existing quality flag, QF=invalid.; (Meanings: [-2 -1 0 1 2]) (Values: ['obs_fit_below_range', 'initial_limit', 'within_range', 'maximum_limit', 'obs_fit_above_range']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.4 (A))
rgt Reference Ground track	INTEGER_2: None	1	The reference ground track (RGT) is the track on the Earth at which a specified unit vector within the observatory is pointed. Under nominal operating conditions, there will be no data collected along the RGT, as the RGT is spanned by GT2L and GT2R. During slews or off-pointing, it is possible that ground tracks may intersect the RGT. The ICESat-2 mission has 1,387 RGTs. (Source: ATL03)
segment_apparent_ht Apparent height	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Apparent height of the short segment, before adjustments are made by the algorithm, based on an average of heights within a designated range of the short segment mode. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
segment_azimuth Azimuth	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	radians	The direction, eastwards from north, of the laser beam vector as seen by an observer at the laser ground spot viewing toward the spacecraft (i.e., the vector from the ground to the spacecraft). When the spacecraft is precisely at the geodetic zenith, the value will be 99999 degrees. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
segment_bias_em Electromagnetic bias	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	meters	Electromagnetic bias. (Has been applied to ht_ortho and _ht_water_surf products) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
segment_bias_fit Goodness of fit bias	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Bias contribution from goodness of observation/system response fit. (Has been applied to ht_ortho and _ht_water_surf products) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
segment_dac Segment DAC	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Dynamic atmospheric correction (DAC) includes inverted barometer (IB) effect (+- 5 cm). Although available at short segment rate for all water body types, value is provided mainly for transitional tidal and coastal water (types 6 and 7) and the largest lakes of Type 1 (~> 10,000 km2) for user's discretion. (Source: ATBD Section 5.3.5A)
segment_dem_ht DEM Height	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	DEM height relative to WGS-84 ellipsoid, reported at the short segment rate. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5)
segment_dem_source dem source flag	INTEGER: INVALID_I4B	1	Flag equal to the source of the selected photon (in hierarchy of Arctic/Global/MSS/Antarctic). Values: 0=None, 1=Arctic, 2=Global, 3=MSS, 4=Antarctic.; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4]) (Values: ['none', 'arctic', 'global', 'mss', 'antarctic']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5)
segment_fpb_correction First photon bias correction	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	meters	First photon bias correction. May be applied at user disrection by subtracting from mean height produts ht_ortho and ht_water_surf. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
segment_full_sat_fract Full Saturation Fraction	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	1	The fraction of pulses within the short segment determined to be fully saturated based on ATL03 geosegment rate input. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.2)
segment_geoid Segment Geoid	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Applicable mean-tide system geoid value at reporting location for all short segment statistics. (see geoid_free2mean to convert to the tide-free system.) (Source: ATL03 ATBD, Section 6.3.8)
segment_geoid_free2mean Geoid Free-to-Mean conversion	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Value to convert segment geoid heights from the mean-tide system to the tide-free system. Subtract this value from mean-tide system segment_geoid (on ATL13) to get geoid heights in the tide-free system. Applicable value at reporting location for all short segment statistics. (Source: ATL03 ATBD, Section 6.3.8)
segment_id_beg First ATL03 Segment ID	INTEGER: None	1	First ATL03 segment_id associated with the photons within this inland water segment. (Source: ATL03)
segment_id_end Last ATL03 Segment ID	INTEGER: None	1	Last ATL03 segment_id associated with the photons within this inland water segment. (Source: ATL03)
segment_lat Latitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Latitude of reporting location for all short segment statistics. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
segment_lon Longitude	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	degrees	Longitude of reporting location for all short segment statistics. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
segment_near_sat_fract Near Saturation Fraction	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	1	The fraction of pulses within the short segment determined to be nearly saturated based on ATL03 geosegment rate input. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.2)
segment_podppd_flag POD_PPD Flag	INTEGER_1: 0	1	Composite POD/PPD flag that indicates the quality of input geolocation products for the utilized ATL03 segments on an ATL13 short segment output basis. A non-zero value may indicate that geolocation solutions are degraded or that ATLAS is within a calibration scan period (CAL). The ATL03 sigma values should indicate the degree of uncertainty associated with the degradation. Possible non-CAL values are: 0=NOMINAL; 1=POD_DEGRADE; 2=PPD_DEGRADE; 3=PODPPD_DEGRADE; possible CAL values are: 4=CAL_NOMINAL; 5=CAL_POD_DEGRADE; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7]) (Values: ['nominal', 'pod_degrade', 'ppd_degrade', 'cal_pod_degrade', 'cal_pod_degrade', 'cal_pod_degrade', 'cal_pod_degrade', 'cal_pod_degrade', 'cal_podpd_degrade']) (Source: ATL02, ANC04, ANC05)
segment_quality Segment quality group count	INTEGER:,4 INVALID_I4B	1	Four-element array of describing, for each short segment n, the count of photons qualifying in each quality group. (n,1) = nominal, (n,2) = possible afterpulse, (n,3) = possible impulse response effect, (n,4) = possible TEP (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
segment_ref_elev elevation	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	radians	Elevation of the unit pointing vector for the reference photon in the local ENU frame in radians. The angle is measured from east-north plane and positive towards up. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
segment_slope_trk_bdy Water Body Slope	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	m/m	Along track water body surface slope, reported per short segment ID per water body. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
segment_tide_earth_free2mean Earth Tide Free-to-Mean conversion	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Segment rate value to convert solid earth tide from the tide-free system that was applied in ATL03 to photon heights to the ht_water_surf to the mean-tide system. Subtract value from ht_water_surf to reference it in the mean-tide system. Applicable value at reporting location

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
			for all short segment statistics. (Source: ATL03 ATBD, Section 6.3.8)
segment_tide_equilibrium Segment Tide Equilibrium	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Long period equilibrium tide self-consistent with ocean tide model (+- 0.04 m). Although available at short segment rate for all water body types, value is provide mainly for transitional tidal and coastal water (types 6 and 7) and the largest lakes of Type 1 (~> 10,000 km2) for user's discretion. (Source: ATL03)
segment_tide_ocean Segment Tide Ocean	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Ocean tides including diurnal and semi-diurnal (harmonic analysis (+-4 m)). Although available at short segment rate for all water body types, value is provide mainly for transitional tidal and coastal water (types 6 and 7) and the largest lakes of Type 1 (~> 10,000 km2) for user's discretion. (Source: ATL03)
significant_wave_ht SWH	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Significant wave height (Source: section 5.3.3 (C))
snow_ice_atl09 Snow Ice Flag	INTEGER: INVALID_I4B	1	NOAA snow/ice flag scaled by ATL09 (0=ice-free water, 1=snow-free land, 2=snow, 3=ice, 127=invalid); (Meanings: 0, 1, 2, 3, 127) (Values: ['ice_free_water', 'snow_free_land', 'snow', 'ice', 'invalid']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
sseg_end_lat End latitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Latitude at which the short segment ends. May be a signal or non-signal photon. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.2 (C))
sseg_end_lon End longitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Longitude at which the short segment ends. May be a signal or non-signal photon. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.2 (C))
sseg_mean_lat Mean latitude	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	degrees	Mean latitude of the signal-qualified photons in a short segment. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
sseg_mean_lon Mean longitude	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	degrees	Mean longitude of the signal-qualified photons in a short segment. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
sseg_mean_time Mean time	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	Seconds since 2018- 01-01	Mean time of the signal-qualified photons in a short segment. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
sseg_sig_ph_cnt Signal photon count	INTEGER_8: INVALID_I8B	1	Count of signal photons in short segment, full or partial. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5)
sseg_start_lat Start latitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Latitude at which the short segment begins. May be a signal or non-signal photon. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.2 (C))

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
sseg_start_lon Start longitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Longitude at which the short segment begins. May be a signal or non-signal photon. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.2 (C))
stdev_water_surf Surface StDev	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Standard deviation of water surface, calculated over long segments with result reported at each short segment location tag contained within. (Source: section 5.3.3 (C))
subsurface_attenuation Subsurface Attenuation	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	m^-1	Subsurface attenuation coefficient. (Source: Section 5.3.4 (A))
subsurface_backscat_ampltd Subsurface backscatter amplitude	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	1	Subsurface backscatter amplitude, described in section 4.5.3, reported per long segment (default length = 10 short segments = approximately 1000 signal photons). (Source: Section 5.3.4 (A))
transect_id Transect ID	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Transect within a water body to which the short segment rate output belongs. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.2 (C))
water_depth Water depth	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Depth from the mean water surface to detected bottom. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.4 (A))

# 1.5 **Group: /gtx/anom\_ssegs**

Contains per-beam anomalous short segment output parameters.

## 1.5.1 Datasets

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
anom_sseg_end_lat End latitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	End latitude of the anomalous short segment, based on the average latitude of the last sseg_endpoint_avg_n signal photons in the segment. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_end_lon End longitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	End longitude of the anomalous short segment, based on the average longitude of the last sseg_endpoint_avg_n signal photons in the segment. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_ht_delta Height difference	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Height difference between anom_sseg_mode of the anomalous short segment and the transect coarse_transect_ht. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
anom_sseg_lat Latitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Latitude of the short segment (mean of signal class >=2 ph Lats). (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
anom_sseg_length Segment length	DOUBLE: INVALID_R8B	meters	Length of the short segment, based on end points computed by the average of sseg_endpoint_avg_n signal photons. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_lon Longitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Longitude of the short segment (mean of signal class >=2 ph Lons). (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
anom_sseg_mean_ht_ortho Orthometric Height	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Orthometric height of anomalous short segment as determined by the mean of photon orthometric heights in the anomalous short segment with signal classification >2 (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.5 (A))
anom_sseg_mode Anomalous mode bin height	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Height of anomalous short segment as determined by histogram bin mode. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_quality Segment quality group count	INTEGER:,4 INVALID_I4B	1	Four-element array of describing, for each anomalous short segment n, the count of photons qualifying in each quality group. (n,1) = nominal, (n,2) = possible afterpulse, (n,3) = possible impulse response effect, (n,4) = possible TEP (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_sig_ph_cnt Signal photon count	INTEGER_8: INVALID_I8B	1	Count of signal photons in short segment, full or partial. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5)
anom_sseg_start_lat Start latitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Start latitude of the anomalous short segment, based on the average latitude of the first sseg_endpoint_avg_n signal photons in the segment. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_start_lon Start longitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees	Start longitude of the anomalous short segment, based on the average longitude of the first sseg_endpoint_avg_n signal photons in the segment. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_stdev Segment standard deviation	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Standard deviation of anomalous short segment photon height in the anomalous short segment with signal classification >=2. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_time Delta Time	DOUBLE: None	sec	Time of the short segment (mean of signal class >=2 ph time). (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
anom_sseg_trigger_flag Anomalous classification flag	INTEGER_1:,9 INVALID_I1B	1	Nine element array describing justification for short segment classification as anomalous, where for each element 0 = not triggered as anomalous and 1 = triggered as anomalous due to any of the following causes: [element 1=coarse

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
			ht difference, element 2=abnormal length, element 3= histogram mode spread, element 4=histogram mode count, element 5=histogram mode intensity, element 6=invalid long segment, element 7=shore buffer designation, element 8=insufficient signal phs, element 9=transect coarse water height unavailable against which to test short segment height]; (Meanings: [0 1]) (Values: ['not_triggered_as_anomalous', 'triggered_as_anomalous']) (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
atl13refid ATL13 Reference ID	INTEGER_8: 0	1	Unique aggregate reference number for each shape in the ATL13 Inland Water Body Mask, where digit 1 = type, digit 2 = size, digit 3 = source, and digits 4-10 = shape id. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.1 (C))
coarse_transect_ht Coarse water height	FLOAT: INVALID_R4B	meters	Coarse water height of transect. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Table 5-4b)
cycle_number Cycle Number	INTEGER_1: None	counts	Tracks the number of 91-day cycles in the mission, beginning with 01. A unique orbit number can be determined by subtracting 1 from the cycle_number, multiplying by 1,387 and adding the RGT value. (Source: ATL03)
rgt Reference Ground track	INTEGER_2: None	1	The reference ground track (RGT) is the track on the Earth at which a specified unit vector within the observatory is pointed. Under nominal operating conditions, there will be no data collected along the RGT, as the RGT is spanned by GT2L and GT2R. During slews or off-pointing, it is possible that ground tracks may intersect the RGT. The ICESat-2 mission has 1,387 RGTs. (Source: ATL03)
transect_id Transect ID	INTEGER_1: INVALID_I1B	1	Transect within a water body to which the short segment rate output belongs. (Source: ATL13 ATBD, Section 5.3.2 (C))

# 1.6 **Group: /orbit\_info**

Contains orbit information.

# 1.6.1 Attributes

data_rate	Varies. Data are only provided when one of the stored values (besides time) changes.

## 1.6.2 Datasets

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
crossing_time Ascending Node Crossing Time	DOUBLE: None	seconds since 2018- 01-01	The time, in seconds since the ATLAS SDP GPS Epoch, at which the ascending node crosses the equator. The ATLAS Standard Data Products (SDP) epoch offset is defined within /ancillary_data/atlas_sdp_gps_epoch as the number of GPS seconds between the GPS epoch (1980-01-06T00:00:00.000000Z UTC) and the ATLAS SDP epoch. By adding the offset contained within atlas_sdp_gps_epoch to delta time parameters, the time in gps_seconds relative to the GPS epoch can be computed. (Source: POD/PPD)
cycle_number Cycle Number	INTEGER_1: None	1	A count of the number of exact repeats of this reference orbit. (Source: Operations)
lan Ascending Node Longitude	DOUBLE: None	degrees_east	Longitude at the ascending node crossing. (Source: POD/PPD)
orbit_number Orbit Number	UINT_2_LE: None	1	Unique identifying number for each planned ICESat-2 orbit. (Source: Operations)
rgt Reference Ground track	INTEGER_2: None	1	The reference ground track (RGT) is the track on the earth at which a specified unit vector within the observatory is pointed. Under nominal operating conditions, there will be no data collected along the RGT, as the RGT is spanned by GT3 and GT4. During slews or off-pointing, it is possible that ground tracks may intersect the RGT. The ICESat-2 mission has 1387 RGTs. (Source: POD/PPD)
sc_orient Spacecraft Orientation	INTEGER_1: None	1	This parameter tracks the spacecraft orientation between forward, backward and transitional flight modes. ICESat-2 is considered to be flying forward when the weak beams are leading the strong beams; and backward when the strong beams are leading the weak beams. ICESat-2 is considered to be in transition while it is maneuvering between the two orientations. Science quality is potentially degraded while in transition mode.; (Meanings: [0 1 2]) (Values: ['backward', 'forward', 'transition']) (Source: POD/PPD)
sc_orient_time Time of Last Spacecraft Orientation Change	DOUBLE: None	seconds since 2018- 01-01	The time of the last spacecraft orientation change between forward, backward and transitional flight modes, expressed in seconds since the ATLAS SDP GPS Epoch. ICESat-2 is considered to be flying forward when the weak beams are leading the strong beams; and backward when the strong beams are leading the weak beams. ICESat-2 is considered to be

Name	Type(Dims)	Units	Description
Standard Name	FillValue	Source	
			in transition while it is maneuvering between the two orientations. Science quality is potentially degraded while in transition mode. The ATLAS Standard Data Products (SDP) epoch offset is defined within /ancillary_data/atlas_sdp_gps_epoch as the number of GPS seconds between the GPS epoch (1980-01-06T00:00:00.000000Z UTC) and the ATLAS SDP epoch. By adding the offset contained within atlas_sdp_gps_epoch to delta time parameters, the time in gps_seconds relative to the GPS epoch can be computed. (Source: POD/PPD)

# 1.7 Group: /quality\_assessment

Contains quality assessment data. This may include QA counters, QA along-track data and/or QA summary data.

## 1.7.1 Datasets

Name Standard Name	Type(Dims) FillValue	Units Source	Description
qa_granule_fail_reason Granule Failure Reason	INTEGER1 None	1	Flag indicating granule failure reason. 0=no failure; 1=processing failure; 2=insufficient data; 3=TBD3; 4=TBD4; 5=TBD5; (Meanings: [0 1 2 3 4 5]) (Values: ['no_failure', 'processing_failure', 'insufficient_data', 'TBD3', 'TBD4', 'TBD5']) (Source: Operations)
qa_granule_pass_fail Granule Pass Flag	INTEGER1 None	1	Flag indicating granule quality. 0=granule passes automatic QA. 1=granule fails automatic QA.; (Meanings: [0 1]) (Values: ['PASS', 'FAIL']) (Source: Operations)